

Your Weekly Read on Debt, Development & Socio-Economic Justice"

## Reflecting on the state of education in Zimbabwe: International Literacy Day

The 8th of September recognizes International Literacy Day, a key observance in the agenda for sustainable developed economies. Accordingly, it is a recognition of the crucial need for sustainable and equitable access to education. The objective of this day signifies a commitment to the importance of literacy to individuals, communities and wider society. While many countries have adopted a commitment to pursuing meaningful education & literacy indicators, a lot remains to be done in achieving this venture. Zimbabwe isn't exempt from this gap with significant barriers recognized on both access and quality of education especially to marginalized groups. This is despite provision in the Constitution for all school-going children to be awarded an opportunity to access quality and affordable (free) basic education As we celebrate this day, we should reflect on progress made with a view to recommending action for improved indicators.



Zimbabwe is ranked 146 out of 191 countries on the Human Development Index (HDI) and 61 % of children experience multidimensional poverty, this aggravated in rural areas, high-density, periurban informal settlements, and for persons with disabilities. A higher vulnerability factor for marginalized groups demands a higher investment in social spending by our government but however, the available corrective platforms are unable to deal with the level of need. To note, the Basic Education Assistance Module (hereafter BEAM), is intended to support children across the country in accessing quality education but the program is overwhelmed due to the wider economic challenges the nation is facing. Compounding factors include the COVID-19 pandemic, digital divide, runaway inflation, Patriarchal practices & corruption in managing assistance programs. **Economic hardship & Household poverty** remain primary barriers to accessing meaningful education especially for vulnerable children such as Persons with Disability and rural based children. The harsh economic regime that Zimbabwe has been facing over the last few decades has eroded the ability of many families to send their children to school. As a result, children are found dropping out of school prematurely. 2,7 million children of school-going age are not in school due to challenges connected to the economic downturn.<sup>1</sup>

'**Brain Drain'** & teacher deficits are further results of the economic challenge. Qualified practitioners in education and other sectors have been leaving the country in search for greener pastures. This leaves a significant gap in Zimbabwe as we become a 'training centre' of sorts for nations in the region. The teacher to student ratios we're left with are less than sustainable. Further, teachers especially in mushrooming private schools have commercialized education to a point of exclusion for the majority.

**Poor Infrastructure** especially in rural areas and high-density urban areas leads to children failing to access education. According to government, Zimbabwe has a deficit of about 3 000 primary schools. This reveals a huge gap which is worsened by the growing youth population and density concentration in urban areas. In the rural setting, children are found traveling long distances to get to school. In Gokwe, primary school goers can walk distances of up to 8.9 km whilst for secondary schools it's over 13.2 km.<sup>3</sup>

**Corruption & Impunity** also negatively impact access to education for children in Zimbabwe. The BEAM program has been affected by abuse of funds and in some instances late disbursement.<sup>4</sup> The lack of consequences for those who are abusing this fund has then exacerbated the problem. The digital divide has become a burning challenge for school goers to access education especially in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. The imposition of lockdowns and online learning led to the exclusion of millions of children across Zimbabwe as lessons were delivered on digital gadgets. Children in remote rural areas with no access to gadgets and internet lost three years and some of them eventually dropped out. According to UNICEF,

"...about 4.5 million children in Zimbabwe lost nearly a year of schooling in 2020 when COVID-19 was first reported in Zimbabwe, and schools were forced to close. Digital learning was only accessible to 6.8 per cent of learners across the country, leaving the poorest and most vulnerable populations in limbo." 5

### **Recommendations**

48% of Zimbabwe's 17 million population are children.<sup>9</sup> This population remains Zimbabwe and Africa's first and most crucial resource to achieving economic development through access to quality education. Following, we make the below recommendations for improve our education indicators and literacy.

- Government must explore alternative cost-effective ways such as strengthening Public-Private Partnerships to improve education response.
- The government must ensure timely disbursements of budget funds to critical ministries and devolution funds to all local authorities.

2. https://www.thezimbabwean.co/2023/01/zimbabwe-has-a-deficit-of-about-3-000-schools-education-ministry/

. https://gemnation.co.zw/long-distances-hinder-access-to-education-in-rural-zimbabwe/ . https://www.newsday.co.zw/theindependent/local-news/article/200029402/zacc-parly-must-probe-beam-funds-abuse-zimcodo 5. https://www.unicef.org/zimbabwe/sitvitiø/digitikklearning-reaches-zimbabwe-rural-schools

- There is a need for a whole-of-government approach to curbing corruption by public officials and improving service delivery. This can be done by strengthening oversight and accountability institutions such as Parliament.
- The government must invest in E-education in rural and marginalized communities to reduce education inequalities and ensure that Zimbabwe becomes competitive and participates in the 4th Industrial Revolution.
- Government must strive for Domestic Resource Mobilization as a means of improving the wider economy and investing in specific key sectors such as education and infrastructure.

# **Opportunities**

- Exciting news from #FES Zimbabwe! Apply now for the 2024/25 Youth Leadership Training Program (YLTP) and be part of shaping Zimbabwe's future! Deadline: 6th September Apply here <u>https://shorturl.at/SJ2qu</u>
- Monitoring, Evaluation, Accountability and Learning Officer: https://www.vacancymail.co.zw/jobs/monitoringevaluationaccountability-and-learningofficer-60609/?
- <u>utm\_campaign=google\_jobs\_apply&utm\_source=google\_jobs\_apply&utm\_medium=organic</u>
- Humanitarian Response Coordinator: <u>https://vacancybox.co.zw/job/humanitarian-response-coordinator-tearfund/</u>
- Graduate Trainee Digital Banking: <u>https://vacancymail.co.zw/jobs/graduate-trainee-</u> <u>digital-banking-60616/?</u>

<u>utm\_campaign=google\_jobs\_apply&utm\_source=google\_jobs\_apply&utm\_medium=organic</u>

• Editorial Assistant/Publishing Liaison Assistant at University of Zimbabwe: https://ihararejobs.com/job/editorial-assistantpublishing-liaison-assistant-at-university-ofzimbabwe-2321/?

<u>utm\_campaign=google\_jobs\_apply&utm\_source=google\_jobs\_apply&utm\_medium=organic</u> Nominations Now Open for The List Awards 2024! Submit your nominations on our www.thelist.identitiesmedia.com



#### **#Youth4Integrity pledge**

Are you a member of the youth (18-35 years) with a passion for fighting social and economic injustice? Do you want to join the action for Integrity? Do You want to become an Integrity Icon? If your answer to any of these questions is yes, take the pledge today: https://rb.gy/90gzgx

### Watch Episode 4 of our #Youth4Integrity Podcast: https://youtu.be/LqiyXGftufg? si=PVqghnNppxgoOcE\_

**Picture of the week:** One of the participants presenting their arguments during the just ended Fiscal and Economic Justice Moot Court Competition.



Quote of the week: Unknown "Debt is the worst poverty"

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We're inviting you to feature in our

BREAKFREE NEWSLETTER ISSUE 3

(as an individual or organization).

The theme is **Natural Resource Governance**, and story length is a I pager including at least one image. Feel free to also use other art forms including pictures, poems, video and audio.

Submit your article to taurai@zimcodd.co.zw, by the 29th of September 2024.



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